Paper Reference(s)

# 6683

# Edexcel GCE Statistics S1 Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Friday 11 June 2004 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials required for examination

Items included with question papers
Nil

Answer Book (AB16) Graph Paper (ASG2) Mathematical Formulae (Lilac)

Candidates may use any calculator EXCEPT those with the facility for symbolic algebra, differentiation and/or integration. Thus candidates may NOT use calculators such as the Texas Instruments TI 89, TI 92, Casio CFX 9970G, Hewlett Packard HP 48G.

### **Instructions to Candidates**

In the boxes on the answer book, write the name of the examining body (Edexcel), your centre number, candidate number, the unit title (Statistics S1), the paper reference (6683), your surname, other name and signature.

Values from the statistical tables should be quoted in full. When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

## **Information for Candidates**

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided. Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions. This paper has six questions.

# **Advice to Candidates**

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled. You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner. Answers without working may gain no credit.

**(3)** 

**(1)** 

**(3)** 

**(2)** 

**(1)** 

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	h	179	169	187	166	162	193	161	177	168
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		[You i	may use 2	$\Sigma h^2 = 272$	$2094, \Sigma c$	$^{2} = 2878$	966, $\Sigma ho$	c = 884.4	84]	
( ) D	.0111 0 000	itter diagr	am to illi	ustrate th	ese data					

(d) Give an interpretation of your correlation coefficient.

(f) Estimate the level of confidence of a person of height 180 cm.

(g) State the range of values of h for which estimates of c are reliable.

(e) Calculate the equation of the regression line of c on h in the form c = a + bh.

3. A discrete random variable X has a probability function as shown in the table below, where a and b are constants.

x	0	1	2	3
P(X=x)	0.2	0.3	b	а

Given that E(X) = 1.7,

(a) find the value of a and the value of b.

**(5)** 

Find

(b)  $P(0 \le X \le 1.5)$ ,

(1)

(c) E(2X-3).

**(2)** 

(*d*) Show that Var(X) = 1.41.

**(3)** 

(e) Evaluate Var(2X-3).

**(2)** 

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**4.** The attendance at college of a group of 18 students was recorded for a 4-week period.

The number of students actually attending each of 16 classes are shown below.

18	18	17	17
16	17	16	18
18	14	17	18
15	17	18	16

- (a) (i) Calculate the mean and the standard deviation of the number of students attending these classes.
  - (ii) Express the mean as a percentage of the 18 students in the group.

(5)

In the same 4-week period, the attendance of a different group of 20, students is shown below.

20	16	18	19
15	14	14	15
18	15	16	17
16	18	15	14

(b) Construct a back-to-back stem and leaf diagram to represent the attendance in both groups.

(5)

(c) Find the mode, median and inter-quartile range for each group of students.

**(6)** 

The mean percentage attendance and standard deviation for the second group of students are 81.25 and 1.82 respectively.

(d) Compare and contrast the attendance of these 2 groups of students.

**(3)** 

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(c)	$P(A \cup B)$ ,
(c)	$P(A \cup B)$ , (2)
	$P(A \cup B)$ ,
(b)	(2)
	$P(A \mid C),$
Giv	ven that $P(A) = 0.2$ , $P(B) = 0.4$ and $P(A \cup C) = 0.7$ , find
(a)	Draw a Venn diagram to illustrate the relationships between the 3 events and the sample space. (3)
	ree events $A$ , $B$ and $C$ are defined in the sample space $S$ . The events $A$ and $B$ are mutually clusive and $A$ and $C$ are independent.
	(2)
(c)	Explain whether or not this normal distribution is still a suitable model for the length of her visit.
The	e club introduce a closing time of 10:00 pm. Tara arrives at the club at 8:00 pm.
(b)	Find the probability that a visit lasts less than 25 minutes.  (3)
	(4)
( <i>a</i> )	Find the standard deviation of the normal distribution.
	Find the standard deviation of the normal distribution.
90 1	health club lets members use, on each visit, its facilities for as long as they wish. The club's ords suggest that the length of a visit can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean minutes. Only 20% of members stay for more than 125 minutes.  Find the standard deviation of the normal distribution.

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